



U.S. Circuit Court Nominees Confirmed During the 117th Congress (2021-2022)

January 5, 2023

This Insight provides information and analysis related to U.S. Courts of Appeals nominees confirmed during the 117th Congress (which also corresponds, approximately, to President Biden's first two calendar years in office).

For some of the information presented below for the 117th Congress, comparative data is also provided for the 115th Congress (2017-2018), 111th Congress (2009-2010), and 107th Congress (2001-2002). These three Congresses correspond approximately to the first two calendar years, respectively, of the Trump, Obama, and George W. Bush presidencies.

Another Insight provides similar information about U.S. district court nominees.

Number and Percentage of Nominees Who Were Confirmed

During the 117th Congress, President Biden nominated 37 individuals to U.S. circuit court judgeships. Of the 37 individuals, 28 (76%) were confirmed. In the past, individuals not confirmed during a particular Congress were often renominated and confirmed during a subsequent Congress.

During the 115th Congress, President Trump nominated 43 individuals to circuit court judgeships, of which 30 (70%) were confirmed.

During the 111th Congress, President Obama nominated 25 individuals to circuit court judgeships, of which 16 (64%) were confirmed.

During the 107th Congress, President George W. Bush nominated 32 individuals, of which 17 (53%) were confirmed.

Gender of Confirmed Nominees

As shown by **Figure 1**, 21 (75%) of the 28 circuit court nominees confirmed during the 117th Congress were women and 7 (25%) were men.

During the 115th Congress, 6 (20%) of 30 circuit court nominees confirmed were women and 24 (80%) were men. During the 111th Congress, 6 (38%) of 16 circuit court nominees confirmed were women and

Congressional Research Service

https://crsreports.congress.gov

IN12069

10 (63%) were men. During the 107th Congress, 4 (24%) of 17 circuit court nominees confirmed were women and 13 (76%) were men.

Overall, as of January 1, 2023, less than 40% of *all* active U.S. circuit court judges were women. Specifically, 65 (38%) of 171 active circuit court judges were women and 106 (62%) were men.

28 U.S. circuit court nominations were confirmed during the 117th Congress Gender Race ABA rating Position when nominated 79% Well Qualified 75% Female ● 43% Black 39% U.S. district ct. judge 25% Male 25% White 21% Oualified 14% Private practice 14% Public defender* 14% Asian American ■ 14% Hispanic 14% State/local judge 4% Other (biracial) 18% Other * Federal or state/local public defender circuit courts have at least one judge who was confirmed during the 117th Congress Ninth First Judaes Circuit Confirmed Second Eighth D.C. 3 Seventh 3 Third Tenth Seventh 0 Eighth First 2 D.C. Second 5 Ninth 6 Fed Sixth Fourth Third 2 Tenth 1 Fourth Eleventh 0 Fifth Eleventh Fifth 1 Federal 2 Ninth First 2 Sixth AK HI PR

Figure 1. Characteristics of U.S. Circuit Court Nominees Confirmed During the 117th Congress (2021-2022)

Source: Congressional Research Service compilation of public data.

Race of Confirmed Nominees

Figure 1 also shows the racial background of the 28 circuit court nominees confirmed during the 117th Congress. The racial categories used in this report "generally reflect a social definition of race recognized in this country and [are] not an attempt" by CRS "to define race biologically, anthropologically, or genetically." Additionally, for the purpose of this Insight, the Hispanic category is treated as a distinct nonwhite category. However, individuals who identify as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Of the nominees confirmed during the 117th Congress, a plurality were Black—specifically, 12 (43%) of 28 nominees. Of the remaining nominees, 7 (25%) were White; 4 (14%) were Hispanic; 4 (14%) were Asian American; and 1 (4%) was biracial.

During the 115th Congress, 27 (90%) of 30 circuit court nominees confirmed were White and 3 (10%) were Asian American.

During the 111th Congress, 8 (50%) of 16 circuit court nominees confirmed were White; 5 (31%) were Black; 2 (13%) were Hispanic; and 1 (6%) was Asian American.

During the 107th Congress, 14 (82%) of 17 circuit court nominees confirmed were White and 3 (18%) were Black.

Overall, as of January 1, 2023, less than one-third of *all* active U.S. circuit court judges were nonwhite. Specifically, 54 (32%) of 171 active circuit court judges were nonwhite and 117 (68%) were White.

American Bar Association Ratings of Confirmed Nominees

Of the 28 circuit court nominees confirmed during the 117th Congress, 22 (79%) received a rating of *Well Qualified* by the American Bar Association and 6 (21%) received a rating of *Qualified*.

Of the 30 circuit court nominees confirmed during the 115th Congress, 24 (80%) received a rating of *Well Qualified*, 4 (31%) received a rating of *Qualified*, and 2 (7%) received a rating of *Not Qualified*.

Of the 16 circuit court nominees confirmed during the 111th Congress, 11 (69%) received a rating of *Well Qualified* and 5 (31%) received a rating of *Qualified*.

Of the 17 circuit court nominees confirmed during the 107th Congress, 11 (65%) received a rating of *Well Qualified* and 6 (35%) received a rating of *Qualified*.

Office Held or Employment at Time of Nomination for Confirmed Nominees

Figure 1 shows the type of employment or the office held at the time of nomination for confirmed nominees during the 117th Congress. Of the 28 confirmed nominees, 11 (39%) were U.S. district court judges; 4 (14%) were attorneys in private practice; 4 (14%) were a federal, state, or local public defender; 4 (14%) were state or local judges; and 5 (18%) had a different type of employment. For example, Jennifer Sung served as a member of the Oregon Employment Relations Board at the time of her nomination to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit.

Nominees Confirmed by United States Judicial Circuit

The map included with **Figure 1** shows the specific judicial circuits to which nominees were confirmed during the 117th Congress. Overall, nominees were confirmed to 11 different judicial circuits—or 85% of the nation's 13 circuits. During the 117th Congress, no nominee was confirmed to either the Eighth Circuit or the Eleventh Circuit.

The four circuits with the greatest number of confirmed circuit court nominees during the 117th Congress were the Ninth Circuit (6 nominees); Second Circuit (5 nominees); D.C. Circuit (3 nominees); and Seventh Circuit (3 nominees). Altogether, the 17 nominees confirmed to these 4 circuits represent 61% of the circuit court nominees confirmed during the 117th Congress.

Author Information

Barry J. McMillion Analyst in American National Government

Disclaimer

This document was prepared by the Congressional Research Service (CRS). CRS serves as nonpartisan shared staff to congressional committees and Members of Congress. It operates solely at the behest of and under the direction of Congress. Information in a CRS Report should not be relied upon for purposes other than public understanding of information that has been provided by CRS to Members of Congress in connection with CRS's institutional role. CRS Reports, as a work of the United States Government, are not subject to copyright protection in the United States. Any CRS Report may be reproduced and distributed in its entirety without permission from CRS. However, as a CRS Report may include copyrighted images or material from a third party, you may need to obtain the permission of the copyright holder if you wish to copy or otherwise use copyrighted material.